



DECISION NOTICE APPROVAL

PLANNING ACT 2016, SECTION 63

I refer to your application and advise that on 30 September 2020, Weipa Town Authority decided to approve the application in full, subject to conditions. Details of the decision are as follows:

1. APPLICATION DETAILS

Application Number: DA200007
Properly Made Date: 21 August 2020
Decision Date: 30 September 2020
Planning Scheme: Weipa Town Planning Scheme 2019 (v1.0)

2. APPLICANT DETAILS

Name: Jacobson's Nursery and Landscaping
Postal Address: Attn: Petra Jacobson
PO Box 908
Weipa QLD 4874
Email Address: Jacobsonsnursery@gmail.com

3. PROPERTY DETAILS

Street Address: 8 Allowgu Walk, Rocky Point
Real Property Description: Lot 178 on MPH36378
Local Government Area: Weipa Town Authority

4. DECISION DETAILS

The following type of approval has been issued:

- Development Permit for Material Change of Use for Home Based Business (Home-based Nursery)

5. CURRENCY PERIOD

The use of the subject land must be commenced within a period of six (6) years from the date, unless otherwise stated, the approval takes effect in accordance with section 71 of the *Planning Act 2016*. Should the subject use not be commenced prior to the expiry of such period, this approval will lapse.

6. ASSESSMENT MANAGER CONDITIONS

1.0 PARAMETERS OF APPROVAL

- 1.1 The Developer is responsible for ensuring compliance with this development approval and the conditions of the approval by an employee, agent, contractor or invitee of the Developer at all times unless otherwise stated.
- 1.2 Where these conditions refer to “WTA” in relation to requiring Weipa Town Authority to approve or be satisfied as to any matter, or conferring on the WTA a function, power or discretion, that role of the WTA may be fulfilled in whole or in part by a delegate appointed for that purpose by WTA.
- 1.3 The cost of all works associated with the development and construction of the development including services, facilities and/or public utility alterations required are met at no cost to the WTA or relevant utility provider, unless otherwise stated in a development condition.
- 1.4 The developer is required to have repaired any damage to existing infrastructure that may have occurred during any works carried out associated with the development. To the extent the damage is deemed to create a hazard to the community, it must be repaired immediately.
- 1.5 Unless otherwise stated, all works must be designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevant WTA policies, guidelines and standards.

2.0 APPROVED PLANS AND DOCUMENTS

- 2.1 The approved development must be completed and maintained generally in accordance with the approved plans and documents, except where amended by the conditions of this permit:

Plan/Document Name	Plan/Document Number	Revision	Date	Prepared by
Site Plan – Lot 178 on MPH36378	-	-	28-07-2020	-

- 2.2 Where there is any conflict between the conditions of this approval and the details shown on the approved plans and documents, the conditions of approval must prevail.

3.0 LIMITATIONS OF USE

- 3.1 The growing and storage of all plants associated with the Home Based Business must be restricted to the ‘Nursery and Garden’ area shown on the approved plan.
- 3.2 A maximum of one (1) non-resident employee is permitted at the premises at any given time.
- 3.3 Deliveries associated with the approved Home Based Business must only occur between 07:00 and 17:00 Monday to Friday, and 09:00 and 16:00 Saturday, Sunday and public holidays.
- 3.4 Visitors/customers are only permitted to visit the site during the following hours:
 - 3.4.1 7am to 5pm Monday to Friday
 - 3.4.2 9am to 4pm on Saturday, Sunday and public holidays
- 3.5 A single visitor/customer group (e.g. a single family or household) is permitted on-site at any given time.

Advisory Note: Visitors/customers will need to book an allocated time to visit the premises, to avoid multiple visitors/customers and their vehicles arriving at any given time.

- 3.6 Vehicle movements associated with the Home Based Business are limited to:

- 3.6.1 12 private vehicle trips per day; and
- 3.6.2 1 delivery vehicle trip per week not exceeding 4.5 tonnes Gross Vehicle Mass (GVM).

Advisory Note: A vehicle ‘trip’ includes the vehicle movement to and from the premises.

4.0 DRAINAGE

- 4.1 The development must be undertaken such that it does not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening (including ponding) to adjoining properties or infrastructure

7. ADVISORY NOTES

1. Prior to commencing any construction activities, the applicant/developer will be required to obtain further development permits for building work, and plumbing and drainage work, as required under relevant legislation for this work.
2. This approval does not negate the requirement for compliance with all other relevant Local Laws and other statutory requirements. Any provisions contained in this approval relating to the enforcement of any of the conditions shall be in addition to all other rights, powers and privileges that the WTA may possess or obtain, and nothing contained in these conditions shall be construed so as to prejudice, affect or otherwise derogate or limit these rights, powers and privileges of the WTA.
3. General environmental duty under the Environmental Protection Act 1994 and subordinate legislation prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.
4. This development approval does not authorise any activity that may harm Aboriginal cultural heritage. It is advised that under section 23 of the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the “cultural heritage duty of care”).

8. STATEMENT OF REASONS

8.1 Description of Development –

The development application for a Development Permit for Material Change of Use for Home Based Business (Home-based Nursery).

8.2 Assessment Benchmarks –

The following are the benchmarks applying for this development:

Benchmark applying for the development	Benchmark reference
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low Density Residential Zone Code • Home Based Business Code • Parking and Access Code 	<i>Weipa Town Planning Scheme 2019 (v1.0)</i>

8.3 Relevant Matters –

No relevant matters.

8.4 Matters Raised in Submission

The development application was not subject to public notification.

8.5 Reason for Decision

The development application is approved and the reasons for the decision are based on findings on material questions of fact:

- (a) The development complies, or can be conditioned to comply, with the majority of all relevant assessment benchmarks under the Planning Scheme;
- (b) The development is for a Home Based Business in the Low Density Residential Zone, where it is intended, and the proposal therefore advances the purpose of that Zone;
- (c) Despite the fact the home based business will be visible from the street, it will improve the streetscape amenity by introducing additional landscaping; and
- (d) With consideration of the above and giving regard to the Planning Scheme, on balance, the application should be approved because the circumstances favour Weipa Town Authority exercising its discretion to approve the application.

9. REFERRAL AGENCIES

There were no referral agencies as part of this application.

10. FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

No further development permits required.

11. OTHER DETAILS

You are further advised that the truth and accuracy of the information provided in the application form and accompanying information is relied on when assessing and deciding this application. If you find an inaccuracy in any of the information provided above or have a query or need to seek clarification about any of these details, please contact Weipa Town Authority on ☎ 4030 9400.

12. DELEGATED PERSON

Name: Emily Peel

Signature:



Date: 30 September 2020

Enc: Approved Plans
Appeal Rights

12°37'27"S 141°53'8"E

12°37'27"S 141°53'10"E

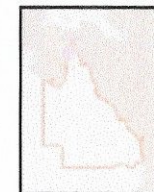


12°37'29"S 141°53'8"E

12°37'29"S 141°53'10"E



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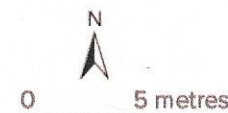
WEIPA TOWN AUTHORITY

**DIGITALLY STAMPED
APPROVED PLAN**

Development Application: Development Permit for Material Change of Use
Lot: 178 on MPH36378

Referred to in WTA's Decision Notice

Approval Date: 30/09/2020
Application Number: DA200007



Scale: 1:280

Printed at: A4

Print date: 28/7/2020

Datum: Geocentric Datum of Australia 1994
Projection: Web Mercator EPSG 102100

For more information, visit
<https://qldglobe.information.qld.gov.au/help-info/Contact-us.html>

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**Queensland
Government**

Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy

Appeal Rights

In accordance with the *Planning Act 2016*, the rights of appeal must be stated for the applicant and any submitters. Attached is a table of appeal rights under the *Planning Act 2016* that details your appeal rights and the appeal rights of any submitters.

Table of Appeal Rights under Planning Act 2016

Nature of decision	Who may appeal	Appeal period
<i>Development applications</i>		
Refusal of all or part of the development application	Applicant	20 business days after notice of the decision is given
A provision of the development approval	Applicant	20 business days after notice of the decision is given
If a development permit was applied for – the decision to give a preliminary approval	Applicant	20 business days after notice of the decision is given
A deemed refusal of the development application	Applicant	Any time after the deemed refusal happens
A deemed approval for which a decision notice has not been given	Applicant	30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager
Any part of the development application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment	Eligible Submitter	20 business days after notice of the decision is given
A variation request	Eligible Submitter	20 business days after notice of the decision is given
<i>Change applications</i>		
A responsible entity's decision for a change application, other than a decision made by the P&E court	Applicant	20 business days after notice of the decision is given
A deemed refusal of a change application	Applicant	Any time after the deemed refusal happens
Any part of the change application, for the development approval, that required impact assessment	Eligible Submitter	20 business days after notice of the decision is given
<i>Extension applications</i>		
The assessment manager's decision about an extension application	Applicant	20 business days after notice of the decision is given

Nature of decision	Who may appeal	Appeal period
Deemed refusal of an extension application	Applicant	Any time after the deemed refusal happens
<i>Infrastructure charges notices</i>		
<p>The notice involved an error relating to-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the application of the relevant adopted charge; or (ii) the working out of extra demand, for section 120; or (iii) an offset or refund <p>There was no decision about an offset or refund</p> <p>If the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given – the timing for giving the refund</p> <p>The amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount</p>	<p>Applicant</p> <p>Applicant</p> <p>Applicant</p> <p>Applicant</p>	<p>20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given</p> <p>20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given</p> <p>20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given</p> <p>20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given</p>
<i>Conversion applications</i>		
The refusal of a conversion application	Applicant	20 business days after notice of the decision is given
The deemed refusal of a conversion application	Applicant	Any time after the deemed refusal happens

Note: For further information regarding appeal rights refer to Chapter 6 of the *Planning Act 2016*

(2) The person is taken to have engaged in the representative's conduct, unless the person proves the person could not have prevented the conduct by exercising reasonable diligence.

(3) In this section—

conduct means an act or omission.

representative means—

(a) of a corporation—an executive officer, employee or agent of the corporation; or

(b) of an individual—an employee or agent of the individual.

state of mind, of a person, includes the person's—

(a) knowledge, intention, opinion, belief or purpose; and

(b) reasons for the intention, opinion, belief or purpose.

Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

Part 1 Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

(1) Schedule 1 states—

(a) matters that may be appealed to—

(i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or

(ii) only a tribunal; or

(iii) only the P&E Court; and

(b) the person—

(i) who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and

(ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and

- (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter;
and
 - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The *appeal period* is—
- (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency; or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for an appeal relating to the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*—
 - (i) for an appeal against an enforcement notice given because of a belief mentioned in the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*, section 143(2)(a)(i), (b) or (c)—5 business days after the day the notice is given; or
 - (ii) for an appeal against a decision of a local government or an inspector to give an action notice under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*—5 business days after the notice is given; or

- (iii) otherwise—20 business days after the day the notice is given; or
- (g) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note—

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar, must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

-
- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
 - (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
 - (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
 - (e) each person who may elect to be a co-respondent for the appeal other than an eligible submitter for a development application or change application the subject of the appeal; and
 - (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
 - (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The *service period* is—
- (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent to an appeal by filing a notice of election in the approved form—
- (a) if a copy of the notice of appeal is given to the person—within 10 business days after the copy is given to the person; or
 - (b) otherwise—within 15 business days after the notice of appeal is lodged with the registrar of the tribunal or the P&E Court.

- (7) Despite any other Act or rules of court to the contrary, a copy of a notice of appeal may be given to the chief executive by emailing the copy to the chief executive at the email address stated on the department's website for this purpose.

231 Non-appealable decisions and matters

- (1) Subject to this chapter, section 316(2), schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The *Judicial Review Act 1991*, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the *Judicial Review Act 1991* in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section—
decision includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
 - (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
 - (d) a purported decision; and
 - (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the *Judicial Review Act 1991* or otherwise,

whether by the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity; and

- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

Part 2 Development tribunal

Division 1 General

233 Appointment of referees

- (1) The Minister, or chief executive, (the *appointer*) may appoint a person to be a referee, by an appointment notice, if the appointer considers the person—
- (a) has the qualifications or experience prescribed by regulation; and
- (b) has demonstrated an ability—
- (i) to negotiate and mediate outcomes between parties to a proceeding; and
- (ii) to apply the principles of natural justice; and
- (iii) to analyse complex technical issues; and
- (iv) to communicate effectively, including, for example, to write informed succinct and well-organised decisions, reports, submissions or other documents.

Schedule 1 Appeals

section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—
 - (a) the P&E court; or
 - (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and

- (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
 - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice—
 - (i) in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (ii) under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*; or
 - (i) an infrastructure charges notice; or
 - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
 - (l) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
- (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.

- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.
- (8) In this section—

storey see the Building Code, part A1.1.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal
<p>1. Development applications</p> <p>For a development application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or (c) a provision of the development approval; or (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	<p>1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent</p> <p>2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager</p> <p>3 Any eligible advice agency for the application</p> <p>4 Any eligible submitter for the application</p>
<p>2. Change applications</p> <p>For a change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) the responsible entity's decision on the change application; or</p> <p>(b) a deemed refusal of the change application.</p>			

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>1 The applicant</p> <p>2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice</p>	<p>The responsible entity</p>	<p>If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant</p>	<p>1 A concurrence agency for the development application</p> <p>2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager</p> <p>3 A private certifier for the development application</p> <p>4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application</p> <p>5 Any eligible submitter for the change application</p>
<p>3. Extension applications</p> <p>For an extension application other than an extension application called in by the Minister, an appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) the assessment manager’s decision on the extension application; or</p> <p>(b) a deemed refusal of the extension application.</p>			

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application—a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal—the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager
<p>4. Infrastructure charges notices</p> <p>An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds—</p> <p>(a) the notice involved an error relating to—</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">(i) the application of the relevant adopted charge; or</p> <p><i>Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge—</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development • applying an incorrect ‘use category’, under a regulation, to the development <p style="padding-left: 20px;">(ii) the working out of extra demand, for section 120; or</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">(iii) an offset or refund; or</p> <p>(b) there was no decision about an offset or refund; or</p> <p>(c) if the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given—the timing for giving the refund; or</p> <p>(d) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.</p>			

Table 1			
Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	—	—
<p>5. Conversion applications</p> <p>An appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) the refusal of a conversion application; or</p> <p>(b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	—	—
<p>6. Enforcement notices</p> <p>An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	—	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only			
<p>1. Appeals from tribunal</p> <p>An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—</p> <p>(a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or</p> <p>(b) jurisdictional error.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	—	—
<p>2. Eligible submitter appeals</p> <p>For a development application or change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against the decision to approve the application, to the extent the decision relates to—</p> <p>(a) any part of the development application or change application that required impact assessment; or</p> <p>(b) a variation request.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application</p> <p>2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application</p>	<p>1 For a development application—the assessment manager</p> <p>2 For a change application—the responsible entity</p>	<p>1 The applicant</p> <p>2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency’s referral response—the concurrence agency</p>	<p>Another eligible submitter for the application</p>

**Table 2
Appeals to the P&E Court only**

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

For a development application or change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against a provision of the development approval, or a failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application or change application that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application</p> <p>2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application</p> <p>3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application</p>	<p>1 For a development application—the assessment manager</p> <p>2 For a change application—the responsible entity</p>	<p>1 The applicant</p> <p>2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency’s referral response—the concurrence agency</p>	<p>Another eligible submitter for the application</p>

4. Compensation claims

An appeal may be made against—

- (a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or
- (b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or
- (c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	—	—
<p>5. Registered premises An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>1 A person given a decision notice about the decision</p> <p>2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision</p>	The Minister	—	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal—the owner of the registered premises
<p>6. Local laws An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about—</p> <p>(a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or</p> <p>(b) the erection of a building or other structure.</p>			

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	—	—

Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only			
<p>1. Building advisory agency appeals</p> <p>An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	<p>1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval</p> <p>2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval</p>

Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only			
<p>2. Inspection of building work</p> <p>An appeal may be made against a decision of a building certifier or referral agency about the inspection of building work that is the subject of a building development approval under the Building Act.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant for the development approval	The person who made the decision	—	—
<p>3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i></p> <p>An appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) a decision under the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act; or</p> <p>(b) a decision under the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, an information notice about the decision	The entity that made the decision	—	—
<p>4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act</p> <p>An appeal may be made against a local government’s failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.</p>			

Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was entitled to receive notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made	—	—
<p>5. Failure to make a decision about an application or other matter under the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i></p> <p>An appeal may be made against a failure to make a decision under the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>, other than a failure by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission to make a decision, within the period required under that Act, if an information notice about the decision was required to be given under that Act.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was entitled to receive an information notice about the decision	The entity that failed to make the decision	—	—