

17 September 2021

DECISION NOTICE APPROVAL

PLANNING ACT 2016, SECTION 63

I refer to your application and advise that on 15 September 2021, Weipa Town Authority decided to approve the application in full, subject to conditions. Details of the decision are as follows:

APPLICATION DETAILS			
Application Number:	DA210008		
Properly Made Date:	13 August 2021		
Decision Date:	15 September 2021		
Planning Scheme:	Weipa Town Planning Scheme 2019 (v1.0)		
APPLICANT DETAILS			
Name:	Gurukol Pty Ltd C/- Mewing Planning Consultants		
Postal Address:	Mewing Planning Consultants GPO Box 1506 BRISBANE QLD 4874		
Email Address:	leo.mewing@mewing.com.au		
PROPERTY DETAILS			
Street Address:	2 Tom Morrison Drive, Rocky Point		
Real Property Description:	Lot 2 SP183867		
Local Government Area:	Weipa Town Authority		
DECISION DETAILS			

The following type of approval has been issued:

• Development Permit for Material Change of Use for Short Term Accommodation (8 x 1 Bedroom Units)

CURRENCY PERIOD

The use of the subject land must be commenced within a period of six (6) years from the date, unless otherwise stated, the approval takes effect in accordance with section 71 of the *Planning Act 2016*. Should the subject use not be commenced prior to the expiry of such period, this approval will lapse.

ASSESSMENT MANAGER CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

PROPERLY MADE SUBMISSIONS

Not applicable – no part of the application required public notification.

REFERRAL AGENCIES

There were no referral agencies as part of this application.

APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

The approved plans are attached to this Decision Notice.

RIGHTS OF APPEAL

You are entitled to appeal against this decision. A copy of the relevant appeal provisions from the *Planning Act 2016* is attached.

OTHER DETAILS

You are further advised that the truth and accuracy of the information provided in the application form and accompanying information is relied on when assessing and deciding this application. If you find an inaccuracy in any of the information provided above or have a query or need to seek clarification about any of these details, please contact Weipa Town Authority on 24030 9400.

DELEGATED PERSON

Name: Judey Browne

Signature: Brane

Date: 17 September 2021

Enc. Attachment 1 – Conditions imposed by the Assessment Manager
 Attachment 2 – Approved Plans
 Attachment 3 – Notice about a Decision Notice
 Attachment 4 - Extract of Appeal Provisions (Chapter 6, Part 1 and Schedule 1 of the *Planning Act* 2016).
 Attachment 5 – Infrastructure Charges Notice



ATTACHMENT 1 – CONDITIONS IMPOSED BY THE ASSESSMENT MANAGER

No.	Conditions			Condition Timing
Mate	rial Change of Use			
1.0 P	arameters of Approva	I		
1.1	The Developer is responsible for ensuring compliance with thi development approval and the conditions of the approval by a employee, agent, contractor, or invitee of the Developer at a times unless otherwise stated.			At all times.
1.2	Where these conditio Weipa Town Authori matter, or conferring discretion, that role o part by a delegate ap	ty to approve or be g on the WTA a f f the WTA may be fu	satisfied as to any unction, power, or lfilled in whole or in	At all times.
1.3	The cost of all works associated with the development and construction of the development including services, facilities and/or public utility alterations required are met at no cost the WTA or relevant utility provider, unless otherwise stated a development condition.			At all times.
1.4	The developer is required to have repaired any damage t existing infrastructure that may have occurred during any work carried out associated with the development. To the extent th damage is deemed by Council to create a hazard to th community, it must be repaired immediately.			At all times.
1.5	All development conditions contained in this development approval about <i>infrastructure</i> under Chapter 4 of the <i>Planning</i> <i>Act 2016</i> (the Act), should be read as being non-trunk infrastructure conditioned under section 145 of the Act, unless otherwise stated.			At all times.
1.6	Unless otherwise stated, all works must be designed constructed and maintained in accordance with the relevan WTA policies, guidelines and standards.			At all times.
2.0 A	pproved Plans and De	ocuments		1
2.1	The approved develop generally in accord documents, except w permit:	proved plans and	At all times.	
	Plan/Document Name			
	Existing Accommodation and Motel Ground Flood Plan (OP.4)	Project No. 2152 - Drawing No. A400.12 – Revision C	10.08.21	
	Donga Ground Floor Plan (OP.4)	Project No. 2152 - Drawing No. A410.12 – Revision C	10.08.21	



	Landscape Plan	Project No.	27.08.21	
		2111901		
		Sheet No. LP-01		
2.2	Where there is any approval and the de documents, the condi	tails shown on the a	approved plans and	At all times.
3.0 C	essation of Use			
3.1	The development mu from the date of this a	At all times. The development must cease operating within two (2) years from the date of this approval.		
4.0 P	arking Works			
4.1	Provide a minimum associated with the sh bedroom units). The p	nort-term accommoda	ation buildings (8 x 1	Prior to commencement of the use.
4.2	All car parking and ve asphalt sealed, cond weather standard suit	creted, or gravel ma	aintained to an all-	Prior to commencement of the use.
4.3	Design and construct all car parking and vehicle manoeuvring areas in accordance with the approved plans, Far North Queensland Regional Organisation of Councils Development Manual (FNQROCDM), Australian Standard AS2890 "Off Street Car Parking", Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (Queensland).			
4.4	Car parking for guests is to be wholly contained within the property boundary and approved car parking area on the subject site.			Prior to commencement of the use.
5.0 L	andscaping			•
5.1	Landscaping is to be carried out generally in accordance with the approved <i>Landscape Plan</i> . The landscaping must screen the proposed development from Central Avenue to the best extent possible.			
6.0 S	tormwater and Allotm	ent Drainage		
6.1	All roof and allotment runoff from the development site must be directed to a lawful point of discharge and must not restrict, impair, or change the natural flow of runoff water or cause nuisance to surrounding land or infrastructure.			At all times.
7.0 S	ewerage and Water			
7.1	The development must be connected to the site's existing reticulated water and sewerage connections and be maintained in accordance with the approved plans, FNQROCDM, <i>Water</i> <i>Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act and the Plumbing and</i> <i>Drainage Act.</i>			
8.0 S	ervices			
8.1	The existing electricit be maintained in requirements of the re	accordance with th	ne standards and	Prior to commencement of the use and at all times.



9.0 W	aste Management		
9.1	 Store all waste within a waste storage area (for example, general waste recyclable waste, pallets, empty drums etcetera). The waste storage area must be: 8.1.1 Designed to not cause nuisance to neighbouring properties; 8.1.2 Screened from any road frontage or adjoining property. 	At all times.	
10.0	Amenity and Environmental Health		
10.1	Undertake the approved development so there is no environmental nuisance or detrimental effect on any surrounding land uses and activities by reason of the emission of noise, vibration, odour, fumes, smoke, vapour, steam soot, ash, wastewater, waste products, oil or otherwise.	At all times.	
10.2	Install and operate all outdoor lighting to comply with AS4282 – 1997 "Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting".	At all times.	
11.0 \$	Site Works and Erosion and Sediment Control		
11.1	Site works must be constructed such that they do not, at any time, in any way restrict, impair or change the natural flow of runoff water, or cause a nuisance or worsening to adjoining properties or infrastructure.		
11.2	Prepare and implement an Erosion and Sediment Control Strategy (ESCS) in accordance with the FNQROCDM Design Guideline D5 (Stormwater Quality) as it relates to the construction phase. The ESCS must be available for inspection by WTA officers during the construction phase.		
11.3	Implement the ESCS for the duration of the construction phase and until such time all exposed soils areas are permanently stabilised (for example, turfed, hydro mulched, concrete or landscaped).		
12.0	Asset Management		
12.1	Any alteration necessary to electricity, telephone, water mains, sewerage mains, and/or public utility installations resulting from the development or in connection with the development, must be undertaken and completed at no cost to WTA.	At all times.	

Gene	General Advice		
1.	Prior to commencing any construction activities, the applicant/developer will be required to obtain further development permits for building work, and plumbing and drainage work, as required under relevant legislation for this work.		
2.	All guests of the Weipa Motel are to be parked within the property boundary of the site, in accordance with the relevant Local Law.		
3.	This approval does not negate the requirement for compliance with all other relevant Local Laws and other statutory requirements. Any provisions contained in this approval relating to the enforcement of any of the conditions shall be in addition to all other rights, powers and privileges that the WTA may possess or obtain, and nothing contained in these conditions shall be construed so as to prejudice, affect or otherwise derogate or limit these rights, powers and privileges of the WTA.		

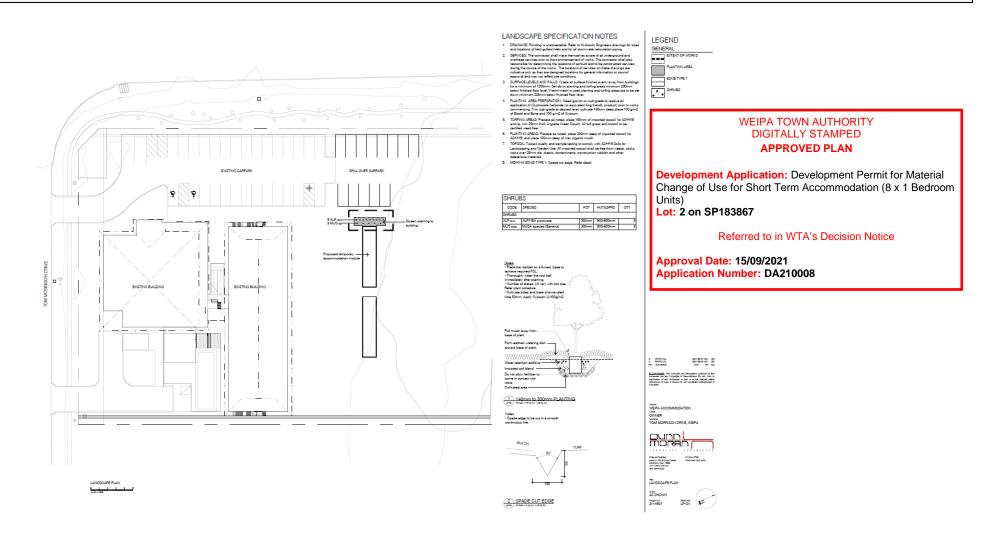


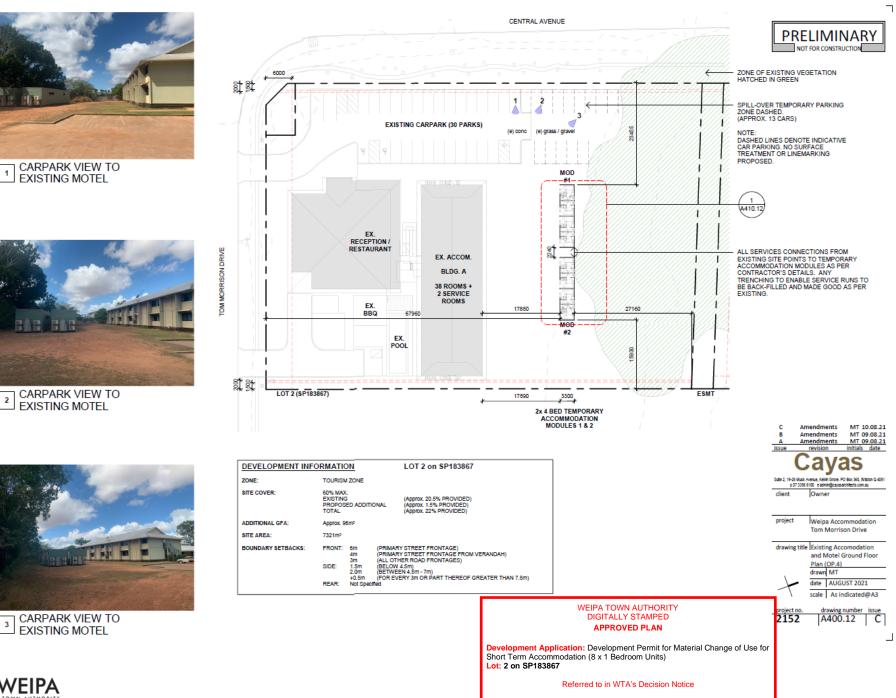
4.	General environmental duty under the Environmental Protection Act 1994 and subordinate legislation prohibits unlawful environmental nuisance caused by noise, aerosols, particles, dust, ash, fumes, light, odour or smoke beyond the boundaries of the development site during all stages of the development including earthworks, construction and operation.
5.	This development approval does not authorise any activity that may harm Aboriginal cultural heritage. It is advised that under section 23 of the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care").





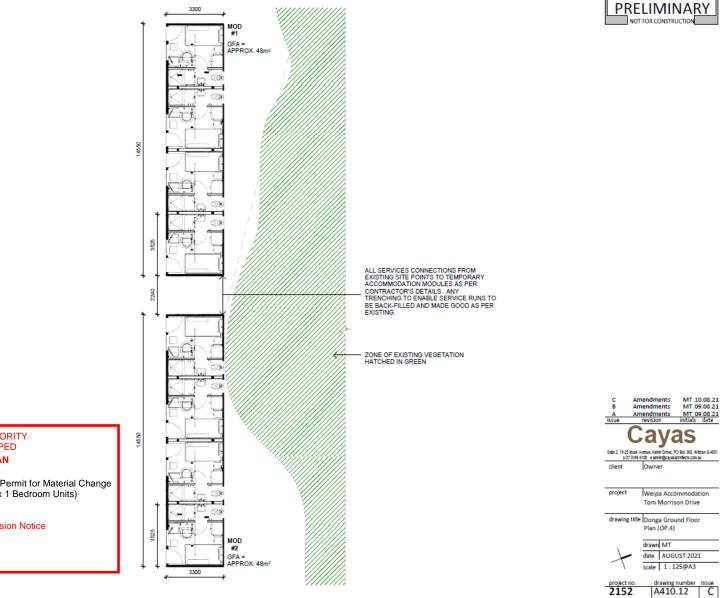
ATTACHMENT 2 – APPROVED PLANS





Approval Date: 15/09/2021 Application Number: DA210008

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WEIPA TOWN AUTHORITY DIGITALLY STAMPED APPROVED PLAN

Development Application: Development Permit for Material Change of Use for Short Term Accommodation (8 x 1 Bedroom Units) Lot: 2 on SP183867

Referred to in WTA's Decision Notice

Approval Date: 15/09/2021 Application Number: DA210008





ATTACHMENT 3 – NOTICE ABOUT A DECISION NOTICE

NOTICE ABOUT A DECISION NOTICE

In accordance with section 63(4) and (5) of the Planning Act

DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVELOPMENT				
Application number:	DA210008			
Property description:	Lot 2 on SP183867			
Approval sought:	Development Permit for Material Change of Use			
Description of the development:	pment: Short Term Accommodation (8 x 1 Bedroom Units)			
Decision:	Approved with Conditions			
Decision date:	15 September 2021			
APPLICABLE ASSESSMENT BEN	CHMARKS			
Planning Scheme:	 Weipa Town Planning Scheme 2019 (v1.0) Tourism Zone Code Parking and Access Code Works, Services and Infrastructure Code 			
State Planning Policy (SPP):	State Planning Policy (July 2017)			
Planning Regulation 2017:	The application did not trigger any matters prescribed by the regulation.			
PUBLIC NOTIFICATION				

Not applicable – no part of the application required public notification.

REASONS FOR THE DECISION

The application is **approved** on the following grounds:

- The proposal is compliant with the assessment benchmarks and consistent with the strategic framework of the Weipa Town Planning Scheme 2019;
- The subject site is not subject to defined natural risks or hazards or environmental values;
- The proposal is for additional temporary units which contribute to the overall service centre of Weipa by providing accommodation to tourists.

ATTACHMENT 4 – EXTRACT OF APPEAL PROVISIONS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For certain applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Appeal by an eligible submitter

An eligible submitter for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the decision to approve the application, to the extent the decision relates to:

- any part of the development application that required impact assessment
- a variation request.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 4 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets out the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

To stay informed about any appeal proceedings which may relate to this decision visit: <u>https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/planning/our-planning-system/dispute-resolution/pe-court-database</u>.



ATTACHMENT 5 – INFRASTRUCTURE CHARGES NOTICE

Attached under separate cover. This page has been intentionally left bank.



Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

Part 1 Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the *appellant*); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The *appeal period* is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency; or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or

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- (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
- (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
- (f) for an appeal relating to the *Plumbing and Drainage Act* 2018—
 - (i) for an appeal against an enforcement notice given because of a belief mentioned in the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*, section 143(2)(a)(i), (b) or (c)-5 business days after the day the notice is given; or
 - (ii) for an appeal against a decision of a local government or an inspector to give an action notice under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*—5 business days after the notice is given; or
 - (iii) otherwise—20 business days after the day the notice is given; or
- (g) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note—

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or

- (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar, must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—
 - (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
 - (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
 - (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
 - (e) each person who may elect to be a co-respondent for the appeal other than an eligible submitter for a development application or change application the subject of the appeal; and
 - (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and

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- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The *service period* is—
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent to an appeal by filing a notice of election in the approved form—
 - (a) if a copy of the notice of appeal is given to the person—within 10 business days after the copy is given to the person; or
 - (b) otherwise—within 15 business days after the notice of appeal is lodged with the registrar of the tribunal or the P&E Court.
- (7) Despite any other Act or rules of court to the contrary, a copy of a notice of appeal may be given to the chief executive by emailing the copy to the chief executive at the email address stated on the department's website for this purpose.

231 Non-appealable decisions and matters

- (1) Subject to this chapter, section 316(2), schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The *Judicial Review Act 1991*, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the *Judicial Review Act 1991* in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.

(4) In this section—

decision includes-

- (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
- (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
- (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
- (d) a purported decision; and
- (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the *Judicial Review Act 1991* or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

Schedule 1 Appeals

section 229

1 Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—
 - (a) the P&E court; or
 - (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if—
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and

- (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
- (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
- (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
- (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
- (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
- (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice—
 - (i) in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (ii) under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*; or
- (i) an infrastructure charges notice; or
- (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
- (l) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.

- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.
- (8) In this section—

storey see the Building Code, part A1.1.

Table 1			
Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal			

1. Development applications

For a development application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against—

- (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or
- (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or
- (c) a provision of the development approval; or
- (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.

Appeals	-	able 1 d, for certain matters,	to a tribunal
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent	Column 4 Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager
			3 Any eligible advice agency for the application
			4 Any eligible submitter for the application

For a change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against—

(a) the responsible entity's decision on the change application; or

(b) a deemed refusal of the change application.

Арреа	als to the P&E Cou	Table 1 t and, for certain matte	rs, to a tribunal
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	Co-respondent by election (if any)
 The appli If the responsible entity is t assessme manager- affected et that gave pre-reque notice or response 	entity le he nt —an entity a st	le If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant	 y 1 A concurrence agency for the development application 2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager 3 A private certifier for the development application 4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application 5 Any eligible submitter for the change

3. Extension applications

For an extension application other than an extension application called in by the Minister, an appeal may be made against—

(a) the assessment manager's decision on the extension application; or

(b) a deemed refusal of the extension application.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal				
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)	
 The applicant For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application—a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application 	The assessment manager	If a concurrence agency starts the appeal—the applicant	If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager	

4. Infrastructure charges notices

An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds—

- (a) the notice involved an error relating to—
 - (i) the application of the relevant adopted charge; or

Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge—

- the incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development
- applying an incorrect 'use category', under a regulation, to the development
 - (ii) the working out of extra demand, for section 120; or
 - (iii) an offset or refund; or
- (b) there was no decision about an offset or refund; or
- (c) if the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given—the timing for giving the refund; or
- (d) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal				
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent	
		(if any)	by election (if	
			any)	
The person given the	The local	_	_	
infrastructure charges notice	government that gave the infrastructure			
charges notice	charges notice			
5. Conversion applica	tions			
An appeal may be ma	de against—			
(a) the refusal of a co	onversion application;	or		
(b) a deemed refusal	of a conversion applic	ation.		
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent	
		(if any)	by election (if	
			any)	
The applicant	The local	—	_	
	government to which the conversion			
	application was			
	made			
6. Enforcement notice	es			
An appeal may be ma	de against the decision	to give an enforcement	nt notice.	
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent	
		(if any)	by election (if	
			any)	
The person given the			If the enforcement	
enforcement notice	authority		authority is not the local government for	
			the premises in	
			relation to which the	
			offence is alleged to have happened—the	
			local government	

Table 2Appeals to the P&E Court only

1. Appeals from tribunal

An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—

(a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or

(b) jurisdictional error.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision		

2. Eligible submitter appeals

For a development application or change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against the decision to approve the application, to the extent the decision relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application or change application that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

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Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application 	 For a development application—the assessment manager For a change application—the responsible entity 	 The applicant If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency 	Another eligible submitter for the application

Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

For a development application or change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against a provision of the development approval, or a failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to—

- (a) any part of the development application or change application that required impact assessment; or
- (b) a variation request.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4		
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent (if any)	Co-respondent by election (if any)		
 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application 	 For a development application—the assessment manager For a change application—the responsible entity 	 The applicant If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency 	Another eligible submitter for the application		
4. Compensation clair	4. Compensation claims				
	An appeal may be made against—				
	(b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or				
(c) a deemed refusal	of a claim under parag	raph (a) or (b).			

	Table 2 Appeals to the P&E Court only				
Col	lumn 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Ap	pellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent	
			(if any)	by election (if any)	
	person dissatisfied h the decision	The local government to which the claim was made			
	Registered premise				
An	appeal may be ma	de against a decision o	of the Minister under	chapter 7, part 4.	
Col	lumn 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Ap	pellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent	
			(if any)	by election (if	
				any)	
1	A person given a decision notice about the decision	The Minister		If an owner or occupier starts the appeal—the owner of the registered	
2	If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an			premises	
	owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for				
	the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision				

6. Local laws

An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about—

- (a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or
- (b) the erection of a building or other structure.

Planning Act 2016

Schedule 1

Table 2Appeals to the P&E Court only				
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent	
		(if any)	by election (if	
			any)	
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and	The local government	_		
(b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.				

Table 3Appeals to a tribunal only

1. Building advisory agency appeals

An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval
			2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval

Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only

2. Inspection of building work

An appeal may be made against a decision of a building certifier or referral agency about the inspection of building work that is the subject of a building development approval under the Building Act.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
The applicant for the development approval	The person who made the decision		—

3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018

An appeal may be made against-

- (a) a decision under the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act; or
- (b) a decision under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, an information notice about the decision	The entity that made the decision		

4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act

An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.

Table 3Appeals to a tribunal only			
Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
A person who was entitled to receive notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made		_

5. Failure to make a decision about an application or other matter under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*

An appeal may be made against a failure to make a decision under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*, other than a failure by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission to make a decision, within the period required under that Act, if an information notice about the decision was required to be given under that Act.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Appellant	Respondent	Co-respondent	Co-respondent
		(if any)	by election (if
			any)
A person who was entitled to receive an information notice about the decision	The entity that failed to make the decision		



Infrastructure Charges Notice

Planning Act 2016, section 119 & 121

Application number:	DA210008	Your reference:	ICN - DA210008
Date Properly Made:	13 January 2021	Contact:	Kerri Kuehn
Date of decision:	15 September 2021	Contact number:	(07) 4030 9400

1. APPLICANT DETAILS

Name:	Gurukol Pty Ltd		
Postal address:	C/- Mewing Planning Consultants GPO Box 1506 BRISBANE QLD 4001		
Phone:	0421 780 354 Email: leo.mewing@mewing.com.au		leo.mewing@mewing.com.au

2. PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Street address:	2 Tom Morrison Drive, Rocky Point
Property description:	Lot 2 on SP183867

3. OWNER DETAILS

Name:	Gurukol Pty Ltd
Postal address:	N/a

4. DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

Development Permit for Material Change of Use for Short-Term Accommodation (8 x 1 Bedroom Units)

5. DECISION TO GIVE AN INFRASTRUCTURE CHARGES NOTICE

Pursuant to section 119 of the *Planning Act 2016*, WTA decided to give an infrastructure charges notice relevant to the development based on the developments increased demand on trunk infrastructure.

6. INFRASTRUCTURE CHARGE

The charge is levied pursuant to the *Weipa Town Authority Charges Resolution (No.1) 2019*. The details and breakdown of the charge are outlined below:

Total charge:	\$81,937.60 This charge may be indexed in line with Consumer Price Index on an annual basis.	
Charge area:	Accommodation (short-term) – 1 or 2 bedroom suite	

Calculation:	The proposed development for Short-Term Accommodation is the 'Accommodation (short-term) category of Table 1.1 of CR No. 1. In accordance with Table 2.1 (Adopted Infrastructure Charges) of the CR No. 1, WTA's adopted charge for a Accommodation (short-term) – 1 or 2 bedroom suite, is \$10,242.20 per suite. As there a total of 8 x 1 Bedroom units, the charge is multiplied by 8 which equals the total charge of \$81,937.60.		
Credit:	No credits are applicable to the development.		
Offset:	No offsets are applicable to the development.		

7. PAYMENT DETAILS

The charge must be paid:	Prior to the change of use for Short-Term Accommodation occurring.
Payment	Payment of the infrastructure charge can be made:
options:	IN PERSON - at WTA's Customer Service Centre at Hibberd Drive.
	TELEPHONE – Call (07) 4030 9400 to pay via MasterCard or Visa.
	MAIL – post a cheque payable to 'Weipa Town Authority and send to PO Box 420, Weipa Queensland 4874.

8. LAPSING OF INFRASTRUCTURE CHARGES NOTICE

This infrastructure charges notice lapses if the development approval to which it pertains ceases to have effect in accordance with section 71 and 119 (11) of the *Planning Act 2016*.

9. APPEAL RIGHTS

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about an infrastructure charges notice are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016* and an extract is provided in Attachment 1. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

10. ASSESSMENT MANAGER

Judey Browne Superintendent	Bane	Date:	17 September 2021

Attachment 1 – Appeal rights

Planning Act 2016 Extract from schedule 1 - Appeals

The extract is provided for information purposes only. Whilst care is taken to ensure the data is current, WTA accepts no responsibility for reliance on this information where amendments to the legislation are not reflected in the information. The applicant must refer to the Act available on the Legislation Queensland website

Schedule 1

1

Appeals Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to
 - the P&E court; or (a)
 - a tribunal. (b)
- (2) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court. (*3*)
 - Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (4) In each table
 - column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and (a)
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and (C)
 - column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal. (d)
- (5) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a corespondent in the appeal.

Table 1 Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal						
 (a) the notice involved an error (i) the application of the re Examples of errors in applying the incorrect application applying an incorrect 'u (ii) the working out of extra (iii) an offset or refund; or (b) there was no decision about (c) if the infrastructure charges refund; or 	at an infrastructure charges notice or relating to— levant adopted charge; or an adopted charge — n of gross floor area for a non-reside se category', under a regulation, to t demand, for section 120; or t an offset or refund; or notice states a refund will be given-	ntial development the development —the timing for giving the	unds— able relevant local government could			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)			
The person given the infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	-	-			

section 229